The Corporation of the City of Guelph



By-law Number (2016)-20028

A by-law to amend By-law Number (1991)-13791 as previously amended by By-law Number (2008)-18660, relating to backflow into the City's water public utility.

Whereas

the City is authorized under the **Municipal Act, 2001** to provide a water public utility and to regulate backflow into the City's water supply;

And whereas

the City has enacted By-law Number (1991)-13791 to regulate the supply of water;

And whereas

the City has enacted By-law Number (2008)-18660 to amend By-law Number (1991)-13791 to regulate backflow into the City's water supply;

And whereas

the City wishes to update its by-laws regulating backflow into its water public utility;

And whereas

the City wishes to create under the **Municipal Act, 2001**, a stand-alone by-law with respect to Backflow Prevention;

And whereas

the City has enacted By-law Number (2009)-18776 to regulate the power of entry onto land and to apply to any by-law of the City passed under the **Municipal Act, 2001**;

The Council of the Corporation of the City of Guelph enacts as follows:

1. Short title

1.0 This by-law may be cited as the "Backflow Prevention By-law".

2. Interpretation

2.0 For the purposes of this by-law, the following terms shall have the corresponding meanings:

"accredited organization" means a governing body that certifies individuals in the field of backflow prevention, including The Ontario

Water Works Association (OWWA), and American Society Of Sanitary Engineers (ASSE).

"area isolation" means the isolation of potable water located within an area of a building or structure from any **potable water system** located within such building or structure.

"authorized functions list" means the list of functions and the persons authorized to carry out such functions as set out in Appendix "A" of this by-law;

"auxiliary water supply" means, when applied to any premises, any water supply on or available to the premises other than the primary potable water system for the premises;

"backflow" means the flowing back of or reversal of the normal direction of flow of water;

"backflow prevention device" means a device that prevents backflow certified to the CSA Standard;

"building" shall have the same meaning as set out in the Building Code Act, S.O.1992, chapter 23, as amended, or any successor thereof;

"City" means the Corporation of the City of Guelph and includes its employees, servants and agents;

"cross connection" means any actual or potential connection between a system providing potable water and any source of pollution or contamination and includes any by-pass, jumper connection, removable section of pipe, swivel or changeover device and any other temporary or permanent connecting arrangement through which backflow may occur;

"cross connection control survey form" means a form acceptable to the City containing information related to the types of cross connections and the method of protecting those cross connections within any building or structure. The form must also contain owner and contact information for the property;

"CSA Standard" means the document entitled B64.10-11/B64.10.1-11 Selection and installation of backflow preventers/Maintenance and field testing of backflow preventers published in 2011 by the Canadian Standards Association, or any successor thereof;

"owner" means any person, firm or corporation having control over property to which this by-law applies and includes the owner registered on the title of the property and any occupant of any building or structure located on such property;

"selection guide" means the Backflow Prevention Device Selection Guide as set out in Appendix "B" of this by-law;

"source isolation" means isolation of the water located within or having flowed through a source or potential source of contamination within a **building** or **structure** including a device, machine, water system or the like, from any **potable water system**;

"structure" means anything constructed or built permanently or temporarily which is provided with a source of potable water;

"test report" means a test report acceptable to the City containing information related the qualified person's name, certification number, employer name, contact information, serial number of test kit and last calibration date of test kit. The test report must also contain the make, model, serial number, size, type, location, purpose, installation address and test results of the backflow prevention device. The form must also contain owner, occupant and contact information for the property;

"test tag" means a tag acceptable to the City containing information related to the make, model, serial number, size, type, location, purpose, installation address and test history of the backflow prevention device;

"untreated water" means any water not subject to the requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act, and/or water that is not under the direct control of the Water Purveyor;

"water meter" means the water meter installed within a premises to record the amount of water supplied to such premises by the City; and

"zone isolation" means the isolation of non-potable water located within an area of a **building** or **structure** from any **potable water system** located within such **building** or **structure**.

3. Application of by-law

3.0 This by-law applies to existing industrial, commercial, institutional and multi-residential **buildings** and **structures**, except **buildings** of residential occupancies as described in Division A, Article 1.1.2.4. of

[&]quot;potable water system" means water that is supplied by the City;

[&]quot;premise isolation" means isolation of the water located within a building or structure from the City's water supply;

[&]quot;property" means any land within the City of Guelph and includes all buildings or structures;

[&]quot;qualified person" means a person who is certified by an accredited organization;

- Ontario Regulation 332/12 (the Ontario Building Code) or any successor thereof.
- 3.1 In addition to and notwithstanding section 3.0 of this by-law, this by-law applies where a condition exists in any **building** or **structure** that may be hazardous or detrimental to the **potable water system**.

4. Cross connection prohibited

- 4.0 No person or owner shall connect, cause to be connected, or allow to remain unconnected to the City's potable water system any piping, fixture, fitting, container, appliance, vehicle, machine or the like in a manner which may under any circumstance allow untreated water, waste water or any other liquid, chemical or substance to enter such supply or system, except in compliance with the provisions of this bylaw.
- 4.1 In addition to section 4.0 and in accordance with all other provisions of this by-law, every **owner** of **property** to which this by-law applies shall ensure that a **backflow prevention device** is installed in respect of **premise isolation**, **source isolation**, **area isolation** and **zone isolation** in every **building** or **structure**.

5. Persons permitted to carry out work

- 5.0 Only the persons listed in the **authorized functions list** shall carry out the corresponding functions set out in such list.
- 5.1 Every **qualified person** shall complete and pass a cross-connection control course in backflow preventer testing, and shall have a certificate issued by an **accredited organization**.
- 5.2 Every **qualified person** must maintain active status with an **accredited organization** and provide proof of same to **City**.

6. Application of CSA Standard

- 6.0 Except as otherwise set out in this by-law, the installation, maintenance and field testing of **backflow prevention devices** shall be in accordance with the **CSA Standard**.
- 6.1 Wherever the **CSA Standard** and this by-law are in conflict, the provisions of this by-law shall prevail.

7. Selection of backflow prevention devices

7.0 Every **owner** of a **building** or **structure** of a type set out in section 3 of this by-law shall, every **five** years or as otherwise required by the **City**, cause to be carried out a survey of each of his or her **buildings** and **structures** with respect to all existing **cross connections** and all existing and required **backflow prevention devices** and:

- 7.0.1 shall ensure that such survey is carried out on a **cross connection control survey form** by a person permitted to do so pursuant to the **authorized functions list**; and
- 7.0.2 shall ensure that the completed **cross connection control survey form** is provided to the **City** within 14 days of the survey being conducted.
- 7.1 Every **owner** shall ensure that every **backflow prevention device** required for **premise isolation** on their **property** is a testable device and is the proper device to be used pursuant to section 7.2 of this bylaw.
- 7.2 **Backflow prevention devices** for **premise**, **source**, **area** or **zone isolation** shall be determined:
 - 7.2.1 using the **Selection Guide**,
 - 7.2.2 from section 8 of this by-law, or
 - 7.2.3 when the type of **cross connection** is not identified in the **Selection Guide**, by the **City**;
- 7.3 Despite section 7.2 of this by-law, the **City** may require or permit a particular **backflow prevention device** to be used in respect of any **cross connection**.
- 7.4 Despite section 7.2 of this by-law, the **City** may permit an existing **backflow prevention device** if previously approved and as long as the safety of the **potable water system** is maintained to the satisfaction of the **City** in its sole discretion.
- 7.5 Despite section 7.2 of this by-law, where a **source isolation backflow prevention device** has been installed by the manufacturer of the equipment, the **cross connection** is required to be reviewed to determine if the **backflow prevention device** meets the requirements of the **selection guide**. These **cross connections** are to be indicated on the **cross connection control survey form**.

8. Auxiliary water supply

- 8.0 Buildings of residential occupancy that are exempted from this by-law in section 3.0, are required to be protected if they have access to an **auxiliary water supply**.
 - 8.0.1 **Premise isolation** shall be provided by a dual check valve.
 - 8.0.2 The **potable water system** shall be protected by a dual check valve for **source isolation** where a clothes washer is supplied by both an **auxiliary water supply** and a **potable water system**.

- 8.0.3 The **potable water system** shall be protected by a reduced pressure backflow assembly or an air gap for **source isolation** where make up water is provided for an **auxiliary water supply**.
- 8.1 Buildings that are not supplied by the **potable water system** shall have all **cross connections** protected.

9. Installation of backflow prevention devices

- 9.0 Every person installing a **backflow prevention device** shall ensure that:
 - 9.0.1 such device is installed in accordance with manufacturers specifications and the requirements of the **CSA Standard**;
 - 9.0.2 such device is located in such a manner so that in the event of backflow the device prevents contamination of the potable water system;
 - 9.0.3 where such device is installed in respect of **premise isolation**, such device is located within a maximum of 3.0 metres downstream of the **water meter**, except where circumstances require the device to be installed upstream of the **water meter** and such location is to the satisfaction of the **City**;
 - 9.0.4 where such device is installed in respect of **premise isolation**, all piping between the **water meter** and such device is clearly labelled "no connection permitted"; and
 - 9.0.5 where such device is installed in respect of **source** or **zone isolation**, all piping between the point of contamination and the point at which the device is located is labelled "non-potable water".
- 9.1 Every **owner** shall ensure that a backflow prevention device is installed where required by this by-law.
- 9.2 Every **owner of property** upon which a backflow prevention device is installed shall ensure that such device is in proper working order at all times.

10. Testing of devices

- 10.0 Every owner who has a backflow prevention device located on his or her property shall ensure that:
 - 10.0.1 except as permitted in section 10.3 and 10.4, such device is tested by a **qualified person** when it is first installed and annually thereafter or when requested by the **City** and also when it is cleaned, repaired, overhauled or relocated;
 - 10.0.2 a **test report** is provided to the **City** within 14 days of the test being conducted;

- 10.0.3 in the event that such device is malfunctioning or otherwise not in proper working order, the device is immediately repaired or replaced; and
- 10.0.4 In the event that the water supply to the device cannot be shut down in order to facilitate annual testing, a parallel system shall be installed, with a suitable **backflow prevention device** installed to allow for annual testing of both devices.
- 10.1 Every person who tests a **backflow prevention device** shall carry out such testing in accordance with this by-law, the **CSA Standard** and all applicable legislation.
- 10.2 Every person who tests a **backflow prevention device** shall:
 - 10.2.1 provide a legible **test report** to the **owner** in respect of such test;
 - 10.2.2 upon completing such test, complete and affix a **test tag** to the device or immediately adjacent to the device on the piping connected thereto.
- 10.3 Any building with **premise isolation** that is considered a minor hazard and has no other **cross connections** that require a testable device may have its **premise isolation device** tested every 5 years.
- 10.4 Buildings with an **auxiliary water supply** referenced in section 8 of this by-law with a reduced pressure backflow assembly shall have the device tested annually.

11. Inspections

11.0 Buildings with an **auxiliary water supply** referenced in section 8 of this by-law shall be inspected by the City every 5 years to ensure no other **cross connections exist**.

12. General provisions

- 12.0 In addition to any other provision of this by-law, the **City** may at any time order an **owner** to conduct tests, provide reports and undertake any other measures required for the prevention of **backflow** or protection of a **cross connection**.
- 12.1 Where an **owner** does not comply with any provision of this by-law, the **City** may:
 - 12.1.1 order the **owner** to comply with the by-law requirements, and in so doing, shall provide reasonable particulars of the **owner's** non-compliance and prescribe the time period for compliance with such order;
 - 12.1.2 shut off the water supply to the **property** or any portion thereof until such time as all provisions of this by-law are met.

12.2 Appendices "A" and "B" shall form part of this by-law.

13. Penalties

- 13.0 Every person who contravenes any provision of this by-law is guilty of an offence.
- 13.1 A person convicted of an offence under this by-law is liable, on a first conviction, to a fine of not more than \$10,000 and, on a subsequent conviction, to a fine of not more than \$25,000.

14. Amending prior by-laws

14.0 By-law Number (1191)-13791, as amended by By-law Number (2008)-18660, be and hereby is amended by deleting section 33 in its entirety and Schedule "A" in its entirety.

PASSED this TWENTY-FIRST day of MARCH, 2016.

Cam Guthrie, Mayor

STEPHEÑ O'BRIEN – CITY CLERK

Appendix "A"

Of City of Guelph By-law Number (2016)-20028

Authorized Functions List

Function Item	Journeyperson Plumber with Tester's License	Apprentice Plumber with Tester's License ¹	Journeyperson Sprinkler and Fire Protection Installer with a Tester's License	Apprentice Fire Sprinkler and Fire Protection Installer with a Tester's License ²	Lawn Irrigation System Installer with Tester's License
1. Carry out Cross Connection Control Survey	Authorized	Not authorized	Not authorized	Not authorized	Not authorized
2. Install, Relocate or Replace Backflow Prevention Device	Authorized	Authorized	Not authorized	Not authorized	Not authorized
3. Repair of Backflow Prevention Device	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Not authorized
4. Test Backflow Prevention Device	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Not authorized
5. Items 1, 2, 3 & 4 above in Respect of Fire Protection Systems	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Authorized	Not authorized
6. Items 2 (up to 1 inch), 3 & 4 above in Respect of Lawn Sprinkler Systems	Authorized	Authorized	Not authorized	Not authorized	Authorized

¹ Required to work under the direct supervision of a Journeyperson Plumber.

² Required to work under the direct supervision of a Journeyperson Sprinkler Fitter.

Appendix "B"

Of City of Guelph By-law Number (2016)-20028

Backflow Prevention Device Selection Guide Interpretation

In addition to those terms defined in section 2.0 of By-law "A", the following terms shall have the corresponding meanings for the purposes of this Appendix:

"air gap (AG)" means the unobstructed vertical distance through air between the lowest point of the water supply outlet and the flood level rim of the fixture or device into which the outlet discharges;

"back siphonage" means **backflow** caused by pressure below atmospheric in the supply system;

"double check valve assembly (DCVA)" means a **backflow prevention device** consisting of two force-loaded, independently acting check valves, including tightly closing resilient-seated shutoff valves located at each end of the assembly and fitted with properly located resilient-seated test cocks. This device is designed for use under continuous pressure;

"dual check valve (DuC)" means a **backflow prevention device** consisting of two independently acting, force-loaded, soft-seated check valves in series. This device does not have a relief port or test cocks. This device is designed for use under continuous pressure;

"dual check valve with atmospheric port (DCAP), (DCAPC)" means a **backflow prevention device** that consists of two independently acting check valves separated by an intermediate chamber with an atmospheric port. A chamber pressure higher than the supply pressure is required to open the port when there is a positive pressure on the supply side. This device is designed for use under continuous pressure; (DCAPC) is specifically designed for use in carbonated beverage dispensing machines.

"dual check valve with intermediate vent (DuCV)" means a **backflow prevention device** that consists of two independently acting check valves biased to a normally closed position. Between the check valves there is a relief port that is biased to a normally open position. This device is designed for use under continuous pressure;

"reduced pressure principle assembly (RP)" means a **backflow prevention device** that consists of a mechanically independently acting, hydraulically dependent relief valve located in a chamber between two independently operating, force-loaded check valves, the intermediate chamber pressure always being lower than the supply pressure when there is a positive pressure on the supply side. The unit includes properly located resilient-

seated test cocks and tightly closing resilient-seated shutoff valves at each end of the assembly. This device is designed for use under continuous pressure;

"minor hazard" means any **cross connection** or **potential cross connection** that constitutes only a nuisance, with no possibility of any health hazard;

"moderate hazard" means any minor hazard that has a low probability of becoming a severe hazard;

"severe hazard" means any **cross connection** or **potential cross connection** involving any substance that could be a danger to health;

"single check valve" (SCVAF) means a **backflow** preventer that consists of one force-loaded, independently acting check valve, including resilient-seated shut-off valves located at each end of the SCVAF **backflow** preventer and fitted with resilient-seated test cocks. SCVAF backflow preventers are designed for use under continuous pressure on fire sprinkler and standpipe systems.

"vacuum breaker" means a device that will prevent **backflow** when pressure in the system upstream of the device falls below atmospheric pressure. Air is only admitted downstream of the device;

"vacuum breaker, air space type (ASVB)" means a manufactured device with a visible integral space between the inlet and outlet of the fitting that prevents backflow;

"vacuum breaker, atmospheric type (AVB)" means a vacuum breaker designed to be under pressure only when water is being drawn from the system and for short, intermittent periods of time;

"vacuum breaker, hose connection type (HCVB), (HCDVB)" means a vacuum breaker consisting of a single or double force-loaded check valve biased to a normally closed position. Downstream of the check valve is a means of automatically venting to atmosphere that is force-loaded or biased to a normally open position. If there is no flow through the device, the check valve is closed and the vent is open. The device is designed to be under pressure only when water is being drawn from the system and for short, intermittent periods of time;

"vacuum breaker, laboratory faucet type (LFVB)" means a vacuum breaker consisting of two independently acting check valves force-loaded or biased to a normally closed position. Between the check valves there is a relief port that is force-loaded or biased to a normally open position. When the laboratory faucet is off, the check valves are closed and the port is open; when the faucet is on, the check valves are open and the port is closed; and

"vacuum breaker, pressure type (PVB)" or "spill resistant pressure type (SRPVB)" means an assembly containing an independently acting check valve force-loaded or biased, to a normally closed position, and an independently operating air inlet valve force-loaded or biased to a normally open position and located on the discharge side of the check valve. The assembly is equipped with properly located resilient-seated test cocks and tightly closing resilient-seated shutoff valves located at each end of the assembly. The device is designed for use under continuous pressure;

Backflow Prevention Guide to Degree of Hazard

Type of Cross Connection	Degree of Hazard		
Agricultural chemicals (sprayers)	Severe		
Air compressor oil cooler	Moderate		
Animal watering	Moderate		
Aspirator (toxic)	Severe		
Aspirator (non-toxic)	Moderate		
Autoclave	Severe		
Autopsy and mortuary equipment	Severe		
Auxiliary water supply	Severe		
Baptistery	Moderate		
Basin	Moderate		
Bathtub (all)	Moderate		
Bedpan washer	Severe		
Beverage dispensing equipment (no carbonator)	Minor		
Beverage dispensing equipment (with carbonator)	Moderate		
Bidet	Moderate to Severe		
Bottle washer	Moderate to Severe		
Bread making equipment	Minor to Moderate		
Canopy washer	Severe		
Chemical feed tank	Severe		
Chiller tank (no chemical)	Moderate to Severe		
Chiller tank (with chemical)	Severe		
Chlorinator	Severe		
Clothes washer (residential)	Moderate		
Coffee machine	Minor		
Condensate tank (top feed)	Moderate		
Condensate tank	Severe		
Cooking kettle	Minor		
Cooling condenser (solenoid upstream)	Minor		
Cooling condenser (solenoid downstream)	Severe		
Cooling tower	Severe		
De-aerator (top feed)	Moderate		
De-aerator (bottom feed)	Severe		
Degreasing equipment system	Severe		
Deionized water	Severe		

Type of Cross Connection	Degree of Hazard	
Dental Vacuum pump	Severe	
Dental Cuspidor (with internal air gap)	Minor	
Dental Cuspidor (no air gap)	Severe	
Dental Delivery system	Minor	
Detergent dispenser	Severe	
Dipper well in ice-cream parlour or restaurant	Moderate	
Dish rinse unit with flex hose	Moderate	
Dishwasher (commercial)	Moderate	
Dishwasher (residential)	Minor to Moderate	
Distiller	Minor	
Dockside Marine Facility	Severe	
Dry sprinkler or standpipe system	Moderate	
Fire Hydrant	Moderate	
Flexible shower head with hose	Minor to Severe	
Floor drain with flushing rim	Severe	
Flush tank	Moderate	
Flushing equipment device	Severe	
Flushometer	Severe	
Fountain, ornamental	Moderate to Severe	
Fountain, ornamental (chemical added)	Severe	
Fume hood	Severe	
Garbage disposal unit	Severe	
Garbage can washer	Severe	
Heat Exchanger	Minor to Severe	
Heating System (copper/plastic; no chemicals)	Minor	
Heating System (copper/plastic/ no chemicals)	Moderate	
Heating System (chemicals added)	Severe	
Heating System (single family dwelling)	Moderate	
Hose bib, sediment faucet	Minor to Severe	
Hose bib, sediment faucet, connected to high hazard	Severe	
Hose bib, sediment faucet (residential)	Minor to Moderate	
Humidifier	Moderate	
Humidifier with sump	Severe	
Hydrotherapy bath	Moderate	
Ice Machine for commercial restaurant	Moderate to Severe	
Ice making equipment for sports arena	Severe	
Industrial fluid system	Severe	
Irrigation system (chemical injected)	Severe	
Irrigation system (on chemical added)	Moderate	
Lab bench equipment (toxic)	Severe	
Lab bench equipment (non toxic)	Minor	
Laboratory	Severe	
Laboratory Faucet	Moderate to Severe	
Laundry, commercial coin-operated	Moderate	
Laundry machine, commercial	Moderate	
Edulary Indefinite, commercial	Tiouciate	

Type of Cross Connection	Degree of Hazard	
Laundry machine, residential	Minor	
Laundry tub faucet with hose bib connection	Moderate	
Lavatory	Moderate	
Lethal substance	Severe	
Livestock equipment	Severe	
Mixing tee with steam and water	Moderate	
Mop sink faucet with hose bib connection	Moderate	
Mortuary or Morgue	Severe	
Non-potable water	Severe	
Optician or Ophthalmology equipment	Minor to Moderate	
Pedicure Chair	Moderate to Severe	
Photo lab sink	Severe	
Pipette washer	Severe	
Piping to chemical dispensers	Minor to Severe	
Plating tank	Severe	
Potato peeler	Moderate	
Poultry barn	Severe	
Pressure washer (no aspirator)	Minor	
Pressure washer (with aspirator)	Severe	
Private fire hydrant	Moderate	
Private water source	Severe	
Pump primer line (toxic)	Severe	
Pump primer line (non-toxic)	Moderate	
Radiator flushing equipment	Severe	
Restricted area	Severe	
Reverse osmosis	Minor	
Reverse osmosis with backwashing	Moderate	
Reverse osmosis with chemical cleaning	Severe	
Serrated faucet	Severe	
Sewage ejector	Severe	
Sewage pump	Severe	
Shampoo sink	Moderate	
Sizing vat	Severe	
Solar hot water systems (residential - no chemicals	Minor to Moderate	
added)		
Solar hot water systems (residential - relatively	Minor to Moderate	
harmless heat transfer fluid)		
Solar hot water systems (residential - toxic heat	Severe	
transfer fluid)		
Solar hot water systems (commercial - single wall heat	Moderate to Severe	
exchanger)		
Solar hot water systems (all types double wall heat	Minor	
exchanger)		
Solar hot water systems (make-up water connection to	Minor to Severe	
the heat transfer piping loop)		

Type of Cross Connection	Degree of Hazard	
Solution tank	Severe	
Spa or hot tub	Moderate	
Specimen tank	Severe	
Steam table	Minor to Moderate	
Steam generator	Moderate	
Steam cleaner	Moderate	
Sterilizer (condensate cooling only)	Moderate	
Sterilizer (connection into chamber)	Severe	
Still	Minor	
Swimming pool (residential)	Minor	
Swimming pool (other than residential)	Moderate	
Swimming pool (direct connection)	Moderate	
Swimming pool makeup tank	Moderate	
Teeth cleaning equipment (veterinary type)	Moderate	
Trap primer	Severe	
Vending machine with no carbonators	Minor	
Wash rack	Severe	
Wash tank	Moderate	
Wash tank (toxic)	Severe	
Water closet (tank type)(N/A if constructed after 1995)	Moderate	
Water closet (flushometer type)	Moderate	
Water hauling equipment (non-toxic)	Moderate	
Water hauling equipment (toxic)	Severe	
Water softener, commercial	Minor	
Water softener drain	Moderate	
Wok table (for oriental cooking with submerged inlet	Moderate	
X-ray equipment	Severe	

Emergency eyewash/Shower: this equipment must be installed upstream of all zone and source isolation.

Fire Protection Systems - General Conditions

- Antifreeze solutions must be water solutions of pure glycerin (C.P. or U.S.P., 96.5% grade) OR propylene glycol conforming to NFPA-13. These are best described as food-grade chemicals.
- Antifreeze solutions must be **tested** to verify compliance with above conditions. Any other antifreeze solution is NOT permitted and must be replaced.
- Expansion chambers shall be of an appropriate size to compensate for thermal expansion of antifreeze solution.
- An adequate amount of piping before or after the location of any backflow prevention device shall be increased in size to compensate for the pressure loss created by the device being installed. The flows are to be in accordance with NFPA-13 for the appropriate hazard classification in the area downstream of the backflow prevention device.

Backflow Prevention Devices on fire Sprinkler and Standpipe Systems Forming part of sentences 7.6.2.4 (2)

CSA Standard Number	Type of Device ¹	System Made With Potable Water System Materials	System Made with Potable Water System Materials	System not Made with Potable Water System materials	System not Made with Potable Water System Materials
		Minor Hazard ² Residential Partial Flow- Through System	Minor Hazard ² Class 1 System	Moderate Hazard ² Class 1, 2, 3 and 6 Systems	Severe Hazard ² Any Class of System in which Antifreeze or Other Additives are used
B64.6.1	DuC	Permitted	Not Permitted	Not Permitted	Not Permitted
B64.9	SCVA	Permitted	Permitted	Not Permitted	Not Permitted
B64.5.1	DCVA	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted	Not Permitted
B64.4.1	RP	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted

¹ The product is only permitted for use on fire sprinkler and standpipe systems.

² Minor Hazard, Moderate Hazard and Severe Hazard have the same meaning as indicated in Can/CSA-B64.10 Manual for the Selection and Installation of **Backflow Prevention Devices**.

Backflow Prevention Guide to Degree of Hazard - Premise Isolation

Type of Building	Degree of Hazard	
Abattoir (slaughter house)	Severe	
Airport	Moderate	
Animal feed lot	Moderate to Severe	
Animal stock yard	Moderate to Severe	
Apartment building (within scope of Part 3 of the OBC)	Moderate	
Aquaculture farm	Severe	
Aquarium (public)	Severe	
Arena	Moderate	
Asphalt plant	Severe	
Auto body shop	Severe	
Auto dealership	Moderate	
Automotive Plant	Severe	
Automotive repair shop	Severe	
Beverage processing plant	Severe	
Blood clinic	Severe	
Camp site	Moderate	
Camp site with RV hookups or dump station	Severe	
Car wash	Severe	
Church	Moderate	
College	Moderate	
Commercial premises	Minor to Severe	
Concrete plant	Severe	
Dental office	Moderate	
Dental surgery facility	Severe	
Dockside marine facility	Severe	
Dry cleaning plant	Severe	
Dry cleaning facility (no dry cleaning process on premise)	Moderate	
Duplex housing with shared service	Minor	
Dye plant	Severe	
Exhibition ground	Severe	
Farm	Moderate to Severe	
Film processing facility	Severe	
Fire Service main connected to more than one of the	Moderate to Severe	
following different sources of supply:		
(i) City water supply system		
(ii) a private water supply system or		
(iii) a source of non-potable water		
Fire station	Moderate to Severe	
Fish farm or hatchery	Severe	
Food processing plant	Severe	
Fuel dispensing facility	moderate	
Funeral Home	Moderate to Severe	
Garbage transfer facility	Severe	
Golf course	Moderate to Severe	

Type of Building	Degree of Hazard	
Grocer	Moderate	
Hair salon	Moderate	
Hospital	Severe	
Hotel	Moderate	
Industrial and Institutional	Moderate to Severe	
Kennel	Moderate	
Laboratory	Severe	
Laundry (commercial)	Severe	
Laundry (commercial, coin-operated)	Moderate	
Mall- multi-tenant	Moderate	
Manufacturing Plant (not specified)	Moderate	
Marina (pleasure boat)	Moderate to Severe	
Meat Packing plant	Severe	
Medical clinic (non-surgical)	Moderate	
Medical clinic (surgical)	Severe	
Milk processing plant	Severe	
Mining facility	Severe	
Mobile home park	Moderate	
Mortuary or morgue	Severe	
Motel	Moderate	
Motor cycle repair facility	Severe	
Multi-service interconnected Facility	Moderate	
Nursing Home	Moderate	
Office Building	Minor to Moderate	
Oil Refinery	Severe	
Paint manufacturing plant	Severe	
Penitentiary	Moderate	
Petroleum processing or storage facility	Severe	
Pharmaceutical manufacturing facility	Severe	
Photo processing facility	Severe	
Plant using radioactive material	Severe	
Plastic manufacturing plant	Severe	
Plating shop	Severe	
Poultry farm	Severe	
Power generating facility	Severe	
Premise where access prohibited or restricted	Severe	
Printing plant	Severe	
Pulp and/or paper plant	Severe	
Radiator shop	Severe	
Recycling facility	Severe	
Refinery, petroleum processing	Severe	
Rendering facility	Severe	
Research building	Severe	
Residential premises-multi- tenant		
Restaurant	Moderate Moderate	
nestaurant	ויוטעפומנפ	

Type of Building	Degree of Hazard	
School	Moderate	
Sewage dump station	Severe	
Sewage treatment plant	Severe	
Shopping Mall	Moderate	
Steam boiler plant	Severe	
Steel manufacturing plant	Severe	
Storage Warehouse	Moderate	
Swimming pool facility	Moderate	
Technical institute	Moderate	
Townhouse (shared service)	Minor	
Track-side facilities for trains	Severe	
University	Moderate to Severe	
Veterinary clinic	Moderate to Severe	
Veterinary clinic (special equipment)	Severe	
Waste disposal	Severe	
Waste water facility	Severe	
Waste water pump station	Severe	
Waste water treatment plant	Severe	
Water filling station	Severe	
Water park	Moderate	
Water treatment plant	Severe	
Water treatment pump station	Severe	
Zoo	Severe	

Selection Guide for Backflow Preventers

Туре	CSA	Minor	Moderate	Sever	Device Under
of Device	Standard	Degree of Hazard	Degree of Hazard	Degree of Hazard	Continuous
-	Designation				Pressure
Air gap	Not applicable	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted	No
ASVB	B64.1.4	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted	No
AVB	B64.1.1	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted ¹	No
DCAP	B64.3	Permitted	Permitted ²	Not permitted	Yes
DCAPC	B64.3.1	Permitted	Permitted	Not permitted	Yes
DCVA	B64.5	Permitted	Permitted	Not permitted	Yes
DuC	B64.6	Permitted	Not	Not permitted	Yes
			permitted		
DuCV	B64.8	Permitted	Permitted ²	Not permitted	Yes
HCDVB	B64.2.1.1	Permitted	Permitted ²	Permitted ¹	No
HCVB	B64.2	Permitted	Permitted ²	Permitted ¹	No
LFVB	B64.7	Permitted	Permitted ²	Permitted ¹	No
PVB	B64.1.2	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted	Yes
RP	B64.4	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted	Yes
SRPVB	B64.1.3	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted	Yes

Alternate formats of this document are available as per the Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act by contacting Building Services at 519-837-5615 or email building@quelph.ca.

¹ When the recommended **backflow** preventer is used for this degree of hazard, zone protection with an RP **backflow** preventer or an **air gap** shall also be required.

² When the recommended device is used for this degree of hazard, area protection with a DCVA **backflow** preventer, or an air gap shall also be required.